

Form - V
[see rule 24(3)]

Format of annual report to be submitted by the State Pollution Control Board or Pollution Control Committee to the Central Pollution Control Board

PART A

To,

The Chairman
Central Pollution Control Board
Parivesh Bhawan, East Arjun Nagar
DELHI- 110 0032

1.	Name of the State	:	Mizoram
2.	Name & address	:	Mizoram New Capital Complex, Thlanmual Peng, Khatla, Aizawl, Mizoram-796001 Ph.No.2336590/2334184 Fax:2336591 Email: mpcb@mizoram.gov.in and mizorampcb@gmail.com Website: http://mpcb.mizoram.gov.in
3.	Number of local bodies responsible for management of solid waste in the State/Union Territory under these rules	:	2 ULBs and 26 urban towns
4.	No. of authorization application received	:	NIL
5.	A Summary Statement on progress made by local body in respect of solid waste management	:	Attached at Annexure I
6.	A Summary Statement on progress made by local body in respect of waste collection, segregation, transportation and disposal	:	Attached at Annexure II
7.	A summary statement on progress made by local bodies in respect of implementation of Schedule II	:	Attached at Annexure III

Date : 31st July, 2025
Place : Aizawl


(C. LALDUHAWMA)
Member Secretary
Mizoram Pollution Control Board

PART B

Towns/cities

Total number of towns/cities	:	2 cities and 26 urban towns
Total number of ULBs	:	2
Number of class I & class II cities/towns	:	Class I: 1 (Aizawl) Class II: 1 (Lunglei)

Authorisation status (names/number)

Number of applications received	:	NIL
Number of authorisations granted	:	NIL
Authorisations under scrutiny	:	NIL

SOLID WASTE Generation status

Solid waste generation in the state (TPD)	:	253.16 MTPD ULBs: 195.83 MTPD Urban Towns: 57.32 (for 11 Urban Towns)] MTPD
Collected	:	186.68 MTPD [135.56 + 51.12 (for 11 Urban Towns)] MTPD
Treated	:	ULB: 78.64 MTPD Urban Towns: 8 MTPD (for 11 Urban Towns)
Landfilled	:	NIL

Compliance to Schedule I of SWM Rules (Number/names of towns/capacity)

Good practices in cities/towns	:	Attached at Annexure IV
House-to-house collection	:	ULBs: 100% Urban Towns: 99.23% (for 11 Urban Towns)
Segregation	:	<u>ULB (Aizawl)</u> : 100% segregation

ULB (Lunglei): Not segregated at Source

Urban Towns: Done in 8 Urban Towns

Storage : Storage at source:
a) In domestic bins: 98% in ULB
& 82.22% in 9 urban towns
b) In commercial bins: 98% in ULB
& 93.89% in 9 urban towns

Secondary storage: NIL

Covered transportation : ULB: 93.86%
Urban Towns: 87.81%

Processing of SW (Number/names of towns/capacity)

Solid Waste processing facilities setup:

Sl. No.	Composting	Vermi-composting	Biogas	RDF/Pelletization
1	ULB (Aizawl): 1 Urban towns: 1	ULB(Aizawl): 1 (22 TPD)	NIL	NIL

Processing facility operational:

Sl. No.	Composting	Vermi-composting	Biogas	RDF/Pelletization
1	ULB: 1 (50 TPD)	ULB(Aizawl): 1 (22 TPD)	NIL	NIL

Processing facility under installation/planned:

Sl. No.	Composting	Vermi-composting	Biogas	RDF/Pelletization
1	Urban towns: 1	NIL	NIL	NIL

Waste-to-Energy Plants: (Number/names of towns/capacity)

Sl. No.	Plant Location	Status of operation	Power generation (MW)	Remarks
1	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL

Disposal of solid waste (number/names of towns/capacity):

Landfill sites identified	:	ULB: 2 Urban towns: 1 However, sites for setting up of Solid Waste Management Centres are identified for 22 urban towns and preliminary works started.
Landfill constructed	:	1 in Aizawl with 44 TPD capacity
Landfill under construction	:	NIL Environmental Clearances under process for one landfill. 1 (44 TPD) in Aizawl under re-construction.
Landfill in operation	:	NIL
Landfill exhausted	:	NIL
Landfilled capped	:	NIL

Solid Waste Dumpsites (number/names of towns/capacity):

Total number of existing dumpsites	:	17
Dumpsites reclaimed/capped	:	2 (Aizawl and Kolasib)
Dumpsites converted to sanitary landfill	:	NIL

Monitoring at Waste processing/Landfills sites

Sl. No.	Name of facilities	Ambient air	Groundwater	Leachate quality	Compost quality	VOCs facilities
1	Solid Waste Management Center, Tuirial	Within Standard	Within Standard	Within Standard	Within Standard	NA

Status of Action Plan prepared by Municipalities

Total Number of Municipalities	:	2
Number of Action Plan submitted	:	8 (2 ULBs + 6 Urban Towns)

ANNEXURE - I

A Summary of Statement on progress made by local body in respect of Solid Waste Management

Sl no	Compliance criteria	Remarks
1	Identification and allocation of suitable land for setting up of solid waste management facilities	<u>ULB:</u> 1. Aizawl: <u>Tuirial:</u> Solid Wastes Management Centre (190TPD) comprising of Engineered Landfill, Composting (Vermi & Mechanical Compost) and Resource Recovery Center is in operation. <u>Luangmual:</u> Site development for 75TPD Material Recovery Facility is undertaken by PWD and is now completed. Tender floated and work started <u>Hualngohmun:</u> C&D Waste processing facility is being developed. 2. Lunglei: <u>Riangvai Thlanmual:</u> 15TPD Solid Waste Management Center is being developed by UD&PA Department, for which 92% physical progress has been completed. Environmental Clearance is applied for and Public Hearing has been conducted by the Mizorasm Pollution Control Board at Convention Center, Lunglei on 29th April, 2025. After completion, UD&PA Department will hand over the project to Lunglei Municipal Council. This center will cater to the South-Western area of Lunglei. <u>Pukpui:</u> Initiative for another SWMC is being undertaken at Pukpui, for which work is commenced. About 3.28 acres of land was donated by the Chairman, LMC for this purpose. This Center will cater the Northern side of the District. <u>Urban towns:</u> <u>Kolasib:</u> a) Scientific Solid Waste Management Centre, Kolasib is operational with Materials Recovery Facility and Vermi Composting. Proposal is made for extension of the Solid Waste Management Centre with mechanical composting facility under operation. b) Establishment of one more SWMC is undertaken which is outsourced and 97% works is completed.

		<u>Champhai</u>: 90% physical work completed. <u>Mamit, Serchhip, Khawzawl & Hnahthial</u>: Land development for SWMC is on-going with a project cost of Rs. 50 Lakhs for each town which are to be implemented under SASCE. <u>Saitual, Lawngtlai & Siaha</u>: Tenders for construction of SWMC amounting to 4.22 cr, 4.24cr and 4.41cr respectively has been floated and work is commenced. Sairang, Lengpui, Darlawn, Tlabung, Farkawn, Vairengte, N Kawnpui, Bairabi, N Vanlaiphai, Thenzawl, Zawlnuam, Kawrthah, W Phaileng, Biate, Khawhai, Phullen & Ngopa: Basic SWM facilities are proposed for these notified towns under SBM (U) 2.0
2	Review performance of local bodies on Solid Waste Management	<u>State Level:</u> The following state level committees are formed: 1. State Level Monitoring Committee on SWM. 2. Environmental Monitoring Cell in Chief Secretary's office. 3. State Level Advisory Board on Solid Waste Management. 4. Special Task force on Elimination of SUP's. 5. State Advisory Committee on Biomedical Waste Management. <u>District Level:</u> The following committees are formed in all districts of Mizoram and are actively holding meetings with prompt follow-up actions: 1. District Level Committee on Solid Waste Management. 2. Sanitation Task Force. 3. Special Task Force to create awareness on SWM Rules 2016. 4. District Level Committee for Auditing Performance of Garbage vehicles. 5. District Level Committee on elimination of SUP. 6. District Level Committee for Bio Medical Waste Management.
3	Identification of Model towns/Villages	36 Model Towns/Villages have been identified in 10 districts which further be models for other town and these towns are actively moving forward in management of waste, namely –

		1. Aizawl District: Maubuang, Darlawng & Muthi 2. Lunglei District: Tlabung(Town), Diblibagh, Thenhlum, Thaizawl 3. Champhai District: Champhai (Town), Zawlsei, Lungphunlian, Leithum 4. Kolasib District: Kolasib (Town), Thingdawl, Lungdai, Bilkhawthlir 5. Serchhip District: Champhai (Town), Zawlsei, Lungphunlian, Leithum 6. Mamit District: Mamit (Town), Tuahzawl, Kawnmawi, Zawlnuam Vengpui 7. Lawngtlai District: Electric Veng /locality 8. Khawzawl District: Biate, Khawzawl, Khualen, Arro 9. Saitual District: Saitual, Tualbung, NE Khawdungsei, Suangpuilawn 10. Hnahthial District: Hnahthial (Town), Khawhri, Rotlang East, Chhipphir
4	Implementation of various provisions of Solid Waste Management Rules, 2016	The State has increased its capacity in terms of collection, transportation, and processing of solid waste thereby reducing the gap in volume. Majority of households in Mizoram are engaged in the practice of home composting. Utilizing thermocole boxes /compost pits and other suitable materials within their premises. This practice is prevalent especially in rural areas. The compost produced by these home composting initiative is primarily used for cultivation of fruits and crops as well as animal feed. This sustainable approach has significantly reduced the necessity for collection of wet waste and simultaneously contributes to nurturing the soil quality thereby conservation sufficiency. The precipitous slope of the State hinders finding suitable land and to enhance capacity of the existing Solid Waste Management Centers. Decentralized SWMC is proposed to be more viable in larger urban towns such as Aizawl and Lunglei IEC Component: Workshop, awareness campaigns have been conducted at the state, city and town level covering topics on waste handling, segregation of waste, prohibition of littering, ODF+, Garbage Free City, Ban on Single Use Plastics, environmental conservation etc

5	Improvement of existing landfill sites as per provisions of these rules	Remediation of Legacy Waste in the old dumping ground at Tuirial has been completed and the landfill has been covered and reclaimed by vegetation and trees, transforming it into a green space (1598.6 sq meter had been bio-mined and the rest is covered in landfill). Remediation at Aizawl completed on 5th May 2021 in accordance with Solid Waste Management Rules, 2016. There are no untreated legacy waste in Aizawl. Legacy Waste site at Rengtetlangsang in Kolasib was closed and remediation of 60,000 MT of Legacy Waste at Kolasib has been completed on 31st May 2023 as per guidelines prescribed by CPCB with funds from SBM(U).
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ANNEXURE - II

Summary on progress made by local body in respect of waste collection, segregation, transport and disposal

Sl no	Criteria	Status
1	Waste collection	<u>ULB (Aizawl):</u> On average, wet waste is collected 2 days per week and dry waste at 4 days per week. Separate mode of collection, transportation and handling of Wet and Dry Waste are facilitated by AMC in coordination with the Local Council on PPP Mode basis wherein 60% is borne by AMC and 40% is by concerned Local Council form public contribution. Collection of waste is taken up by Rural WATSAN Division in rural areas of Aizawl District. 100% Door-to-door collection is achieved. <u>Urban Towns:</u> 99.23% (for 11 Urban Towns) door-to-door collection is achieved. Wet and dry waste is collected separately on alternate days.
2	Segregation of Solid Waste	<u>ULB (Aizawl):</u> All waste generated within the jurisdiction of AMC are 100% segregated at source by each household into Wet and Dry Waste. Electronic wastes were collected in large number by authorised firms - Karo Sambhav and Hulladek Recycling. <u>Urban Towns:</u> Wastes are segregated into two bins: biodegradable, non-biodegradable wastes.
3	Transportation of Solid Waste	<u>ULB (Aizawl):</u> Wastes are transported by hired vehicles majority of which are specially designed for garbage collection.

		<u>Urban Towns:</u> Wastes are transported by hired vehicles and Village Council owned vehicles.
4	Disposal and Treatment of Solid Waste	<u>ULB (Aizawl):</u> <i>Wet wastes:</i> 1. At source, wet wastes are segregated and used as pig feeds/animal feeds and also disposed by way of home composting. 2. At SWMC, wet wastes are disposed by way of vermi-composting and 50 TPD mechanical compost plant. <i>Dry wastes:</i> 1. Managed at 74 TPD Material Recovery Facility and recycling through PRO's. 2. Bailed for co-incineration in Dalmia Cement Plant, Meghalaya. 3. Materials recovered by registered rag pickers are sold to authorized scrap dealers for further recycling or reuse. AMC collects a nominal royalty from these authorized scrap dealers. <u>Urban Towns:</u> <i>Wet wastes:</i> 1. At source, most of wet waste generated goes as animal feeds and for making compost through home composting. 2. In Kolasib district, wet wastes are treated by manual composting in 2 compost sheds. <i>Dry wastes:</i> 1. Recyclables except plastic wastes are sold to scrap dealers. 2. Plastic Waste Management units have been installed in 8 blocks which are operated in PPP mode. 3. Solid Wastes are disposed and processed in Solid Waste Management Center, Kolasib for town of Kolasib.

A summary statement on progress made by local bodies in respect of implementation of Schedule II

I. Composting:

The waste processing facilities include 22 TPD vermin Composting and 50 TPD Mechanical composting facilities in Aizawl and 3 + 3 TPD vermin composting in Kolasib.

Mechanical compost plant of 50 TPD has also been set up in Tuirial SWMC. Since vermicomposting is sensitive to climatic conditions, it is not considered a feasible treatment of wet wastes in the State. Instead windrow composting has been proposed in the SWMCs to be set up in all District Headquarter towns.

The quality of compost plant is tested by ICAR NEH which is found to be of good quality.

With regard to quality of compost, Authorization was granted to KNOW WASTE agency and the quality of the compost was checked by ICAR (Indian Council of Agricultural Research) Kolasib.

Wet wastes are collected door to door by 1 truck daily and process for manual composting at 2 compost sheds, SWMC Dihmunzawl.

In order to prevent pollution from compost plant, the following are complied with namely:-

(a) Properly covered storage area is constructed for incoming organic waste which is provided with impermeable base with facility for collection of leachate.

(b) To minimise nuisance of odour, flies, Eco Micro Organism Solution is used.

(c) Wastes were store in separated cells for further process while in maintaining the plants.

(d) Pre-process and post-process rejects are removed on daily basis. Recyclables like Plastics are sent through for recycling. Initiatives are also being taken with Dalmia Cements for co-incineration of plastic wastes.

(e) The windrow area is also provided with RCC base with niche for leachate collection. A treatment tank is also constructed a little downhill for the leachate to collect by gravity.

(f) After second segregation of municipal solid wastes the inert materials are dumped into the landfill.

(g) Ambient air quality monitoring for **PM10, PM2.5, SO2, NOx** and **CO** was carried out at five locations during the period of October 2024 to March 2025 by Eco-Management Services (ECOMS) Mizoram. All parameters were found to be within CPCB prescribed limits.

(h) Compost quality is regularly checked and meet the standard prescribed under Fertilizer Control Order.

II. Standards for treated leachates:

Leachate quality test conducted by M/s Eco-Management Services (ECOMS) Mizoram engaged by the AMC on 13.12.2024 and found that the quality of leachate was all within standards for all 19 parameters as specified in Schedule-II(b) of Solid Waste Management Rules, 2016.

III. Standards for incinerations:

- Not applicable as incinerator is not used.

Summary of best practices in respect of Solid Waste Management and SUP's

I. Best Practices in Model Towns/Villages:

1. In Maubuang, 98% of the villagers have their own compost pit. Sub Health Centre in S. Maubuang are equipped with proper toilets. Every school in the village has separate toilet for boys and girls and Community Sanitary Complex was also constructed under Swachh Bharat Mission (Grameen).

Plastic waste are managed in a proper way in S.Maubuang village, plastic waste collected and placed in Plastic Waste Collection Centre which are in turn transported to Plastic Resource Management Centre at Aibawk. Transportation of wastes are arranged by the local authority from their own resource.

2. Leng village received a number of Awards on cleanliness at state and at National level. Separate waste bins for wet and dry waste at each household and for community. Garbage truck procured by Gram Panchayat from prize money of state and national awards and from sanitation fees collected from community.
3. In Biate town, non-biodegradable waste are reused for beautification of the town in the most colourful and attractive manner. First to achieve 100% segregation at source and the First to identify land for treatment of waste in the state. All wet wastes are used for organic fertilizers and 100% door to door collection of waste achieved. Management of solid waste run by community through public contribution. Recycled plastic waste are converted into decorative tiles, for making flower bed, construction of public toilet, etc. 100% individual households have sanitary toilet. Waste to Art Park is planned to be developed where non-biodegradable wastes are to be re-used for decoration purposes.

II. Best Practices in the State:

1. In order to conduct an intensive IEC and BCC campaign in all of Mizoram's urban towns during FY 2024–2025, Swachh Bharat Mission (Urban) 2.0 has teamed up with Save the Riparian, a group of environmental activists. Citizens of all ages participated in a "Jan Andolan" to clean up water bodies as a result of this effort. Prominent individuals, including the Mizoram Chief Minister, the UD&PA Minister, the Sports Minister, and other politicians, also volunteered and joined the cause. All of Mizoram's district headquarters as well as Aizawl's places of worship have seen intense IEC campaigns.

2. Urban Development & Poverty Alleviation Department and its umbrella Departments - Aizawl Municipal Corporation and Aizawl Smart City Limited have prepared a “Comprehensive Plan for Municipal Waste Management in Aizawl” which aims to make Aizawl, the cleanest city in India through Department’s approach and partnerships with private entities and citizens. For smooth execution of the integrated Plan, Aizawl Faina Hmathlir (A vision for Clean Aizawl) programme was organized in Aizawl inviting representatives from all Local Councils within Aizawl Municipal area.
3. Majority of households in Mizoram are engaged in the practice of home composting. Utilizing thermocole boxes /compost pits and other suitable materials within their premises. This practice is prevalent especially in rural areas. The compost produced by these home composting initiative is primarily used for cultivation of fruits and crops as well as animal feed. This sustainable approach has significantly reduced the necessity for collection of wet waste and simultaneously contributes to nurturing the soil quality thereby conservation sufficiency.
4. A quarterly review meeting with District Authorities on the compliance of Municipal Solid Waste Management Rules 2016 is held under the chairmanship of the Chief Secretary in the Conference Hall of the Chief Secretary. Deputy Commissioners from all districts attend the review meetings.
5. Since the terrain prevalent in the State limits the scope of enhancing the capacity of the existing Solid Waste Management Centers, decentralized SWMC is proposed to be taken up in larger urban towns such as Aizawl and Lunglei. Furthermore, construction of Solid Waste Management Centre is proposed for all urban towns under SBM (U) 2.0 to address the existing gap in waste processing. The Mission period for SMB 2.0 is 2026. All existing gaps are expected to be addressed by the end of the Mission period.
6. Extensive campaigns covering all ULBS are taken up. Campaigns include awareness in in creating awareness in schools and colleges.
7. Mizoram Cleanliness Competition has been organized since 2017 to foster healthy Competition among the towns and to prepare towns for All India Cleanliness Survey Swachh Survekshan.
8. Mizoram Cleanliness Week 2024 was observed from 17th September to 2nd October, 2024 in all urban towns and all government establishments. Day wise Swachata activities were carried out during the Week. No Tolerance Day for Open dumping and spitting were also observed during Cleanliness Week.

9. **Save the Riparian Movement** is an environmental initiative focused on protecting and restoring riparian zones, which are crucial for maintaining biodiversity, water quality, and ecosystem health along rivers and streams. Students, government officials and environmentalists from all over the State have participated in this Movement in which mass cleanliness drives are undertaken along Mizoram rivers.
10. Village Councils and Local Councils are empowered to conduct and enforce Voluntary Community works called Hnatlang under the The Lushai Hills District (Village Councils) (Amendment) Act, 2014 (Act No. 10 of 2014) and the Mizoram Municipalities (Ward Committee and Local Council) (Third Amendment) Rules, 2015 respectively and Community cleaning/Voluntary cleaning is conducted at regular intervals in both urban and rural areas.
11. Local Churches also carry out cleanliness drives in observance of important dates.
12. ECOMS was engaged as 3rd party monitoring agency for SWMC for Compliance monitoring of Specific Conditions of CTO and authorisation. An Environment Cell comprising of expert personnel in environmental issues related to SWM has been constituted in AMC.
13. Garbage fencing move launched in certain public places to eliminate throwing/dumping of solid wastes in places other than Solid Waste Management Centers.
14. Specially designed vehicles for more efficient garbage collection in narrower roads are explored as a pilot project.

III. Best Practices in elimination of SUP:

1. As mandated by CPCB, joint inspection teams were formed in all districts with Deputy Commissioner as the team leader. All teams, led by respective DC's have been regularly conducting inspections on ban of SUP's. Reports on these inspections are regularly furnished to CPCB through the CPCB portal.
2. A total of 2123.479Kgs of SUPs were seized during 2024-25 across all districts.
3. To promote the ban on Single Use Plastic & to walk towards Garbage Free Cities, SBM(U) 2.0 has partnered with Mizoram Taxi Association where stickers with SUP messages are displayed in all Taxis to ensure greater reach in every corner of the District.

4. Plastic Waste Management Units (PMU's) have been set up in a total of 8 blocks within the State which are operated in PPP mode.
5. A large number of offices and educational institutions have been declared as SUP free premises in the state.
6. Assam Rifles, Police personnel and all other entities were requested to stop the influx of banned SUP's across the border in Champhai District.
7. For alternative to plastic carry bags, AMC has negotiated with ZOHANDCO. Consultation for MOU is under process to replace plastic carry bag with non-woven fabric bags at local level.
8. Introduced Ecobrick i.e., plastic Bottle packed with used plastic to set density. Used for building blocks and various items, including furniture, garden walls and other structures.
9. A pilot project developed and promoted by Mizoram Start-Up Mission Society for possible alternative of SUP through entrepreneurs was initiated by the Planning Department such as alternative for plastic crockeries, plastic bags, alternative for plastic bottles, plastic files and folders, etc. using bamboo, areca nuts, papers, pineapple peels and other biodegradable materials.

IV. Special Drives and Awareness:

Sl. No.	Name of Awareness Campaigns conducted during April- December, 2024	Date of Event	Venue	No. of Participants	Target Group
1	Training/Awareness Programme on Bio- medical Waste	15.03.2024	Kawlhkulkh PHC		Health Care workers
2	Training/Awareness Programme on Bio- medical Waste	08.05.2024	Kawnpui PHC		Health Care workers
3	Cleanliness and Plantation Drive in observance of International Day for Biological Diversity Day, 2024	22.05.2024	Reiek Tlang	86	Students from Govt. Reiek Higher Secondary School and Ailawng High School.
4	Awareness Programme on the theme - "Our land, our future. We are #Generation Restoration" in observation of World Environment Day, 2024	30.05.2024	Helen Lowry School Auditorium	323	Students from Helen Lowry Higher Secondary School.

5	Plantation Drive at Hermon Children's Home in observance of World Environment Day, 2024	03.06.2024	Hermon Children's Home	80	Orphanage at Hermon Children's Home
6	Cleanliness Drive in collaboration with SAY, I.T.I Corps	22.06.2024	Aizawl Bypass Road, I.T.I Veng	30	Youths
7	River Cleanliness Drive at Chite river	27.06.2024	Chite River	6	Local citizens
8	House to House Awareness Campaign on Solid Waste Management	28.06.2024	BSUP Housing Complex, Lawipu	100	Public
9	Training and Guidance on Assessment and Characterization of Plastic Waste	24.07.2024	Solid Waste Management Centre, Tuirial	20	Workers and Officials of ULBs and PHED
10	Single Use Plastics Cleanup Drive	05.08.2024	MINECO Complex	4	Citizens
11	River Cleanliness Drive	10.08.2024	Lawibual River	71	Citizens
12	Single Use Plastic Awareness	10.08.2024	Aizawl Central Seventh Day Adventist Church, Electric Veng	110	Youths
13	Stakeholder Awareness Campaign in E-Waste	14.08.2024	Shemford Higher Secondary School, Zotlang	130	Students from Shemford Higher Secondary School, Zotlang
14	Documentary for Awareness on Common Bio Medical Wastes Treatment Facility in collaboration with ZONET	28.08.2024 Published on 30.08.2024	Common Bio Medical Wastes Treatment Facility		Hospitals & public
15	House to House Awareness Campaign on Solid Waste Management	23.08.2024	Nursery Veng	50	Citizens
16	Mission Life Awareness Lecture (waste reduction, SUP reduction etc.)	11. 09.2024	Forest Training School, Bethlehem Vengthlang, Aizawl	45	Frontline Workers of Forest Training School, Bethlehem Vengthlang, Aizawl
17	E-Waste Management Summit	23.09.2024	Taxation Department Auditorium	110	Heads of Deptt from concerned stakeholder, NGOs, Entrepreneurs & PROs

18	Awareness Campaign on E-Waste Management cum Discussion on Setting up of E-Waste Corner at Schools	08.10.2024	Serchhip Kawnpui VC Hall	405	Students of eco-club schools within Serchhip Town
19	Awareness Campaign on E-Waste Management cum Discussion on Setting up of E-Waste Corner at Schools	11.10.2024	Chhimveng YMA Hall, Mamit	555	Students of Mamit Town
20	River Cleanliness in collaboration with Chite Local Council.	18.10. 2024	Chite River	50	Citizens
21	Awareness Campaign on E-Waste Management cum Discussion on Setting up of E-Waste Corner at Schools	25.10.2024	Saitual Auditorium, Saitual, Mizoram	555	Students of eco-club schools within Saitual locality
22	Sensitization and Hands-on Training Programme on Composting	13.11.2024	Melriat VC House	70	Local Citizens of Melriat
23	Cleanliness Drive	24.11.2024	Seling	250	Citizens of Seling
24	Awareness Campaign on Single Use Plastics	24.11.2024	Adventist Church, Seling	300	Children at Aizawl East Children's Ministries Assembly at Seling.
25	Awareness campaign on Waste Management cum Educational Trip at Solid Waste Management Centre, Tuirial and 10 MLD Sewage Treatment Plant, Bethlehem Vengthlang, Aizawl	29.11.2024	SWM Centre, Tuirial & 10 MLD STP, Bethlehem Vengthlang, Aizawl	191	Students
26	Awareness campaign on Waste Management cum Educational Trip at Solid Waste Management Centre, Tuirial and 10 MLD Sewage Treatment Plant, Bethlehem Vengthlang, Aizawl	06.12.2024	SWM Centre, Tuirial & 10MLD STP, Bethlehem Vengthlang, Aizawl	161	Students
27	Collection of Plastic Wastes littering around Sakawrhmuittuai Tlang in observance of International Mountain Day, 2024	11.12.2024	Sakawrhmuittuai Tlang	40	Students from Govt. Johnson College & visitors.